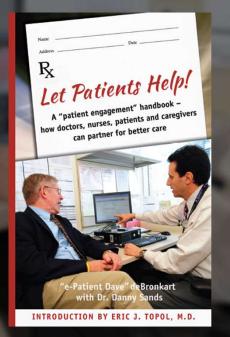
The Patient as an Active Partner

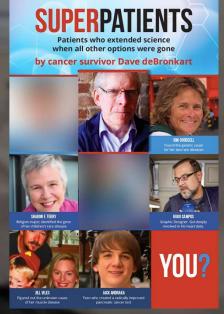
Dave deBronkart
Twitter: @ePatientDave
dave@epatientdave.com





Bringing together e-patients and health care professionals.





How I came to be here

- High tech marketing: data geek; tech trends; automation
- 2007: Cancer discovery & recovery
- 2008: E-patient blogger
- 2009: Participatory Medicine, public speaking



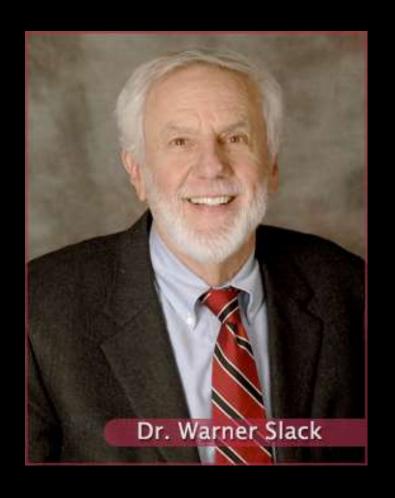
2010: Full time

• 2011: international

2012: med schools, advisory, consult

650 events, 26 countries, 1400 blog posts, 13 universities, 19 articles, 2 book chapters Informatics pioneer Dr. Warner Slack, since the 1970s

"Patients are the most underused resource in healthcare"



How can that be?? We don't have medical training.

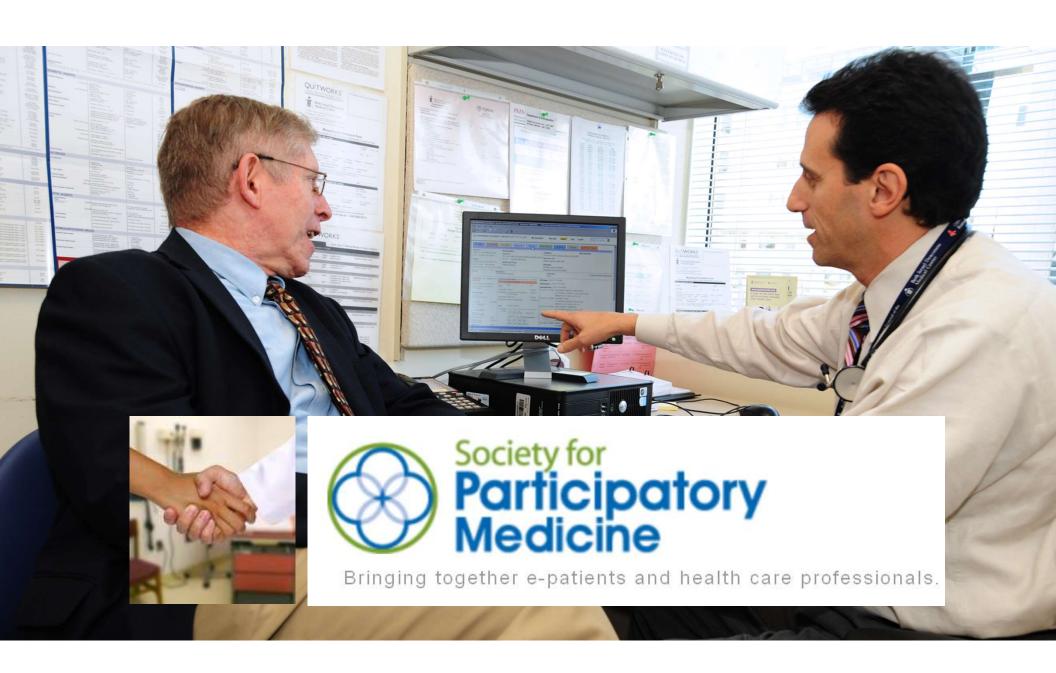
But we do know what's important to us,

and we know whether the treatment's solving our problem.

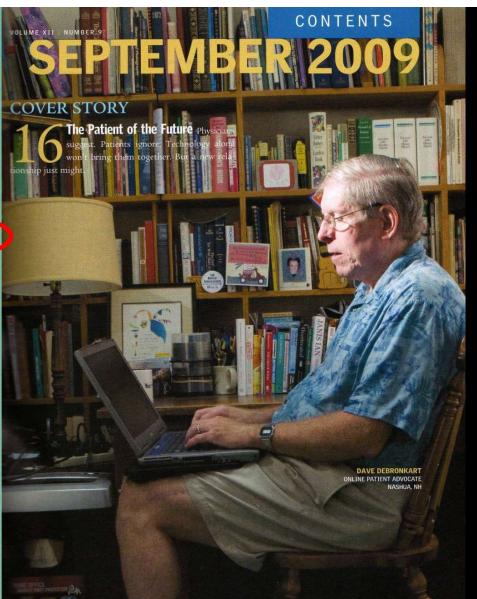


Doc Tom said,
"e-Patients are Equipped

Equipped
Engaged
Empowered
Enabled"







COVER STORY

WHO MAKE HEALTHCARE BETTER

The very essence of healthcare is to make a difference for good. At its core, this is an industry focused on making life better for people. That simplicity of mission establishes a shared grounding for the millions who work daily to deliver the best healthcare they can. In our annual HealthLeaders 20, we offer profiles of some who are doing just that. You can read long form versions of each of these profiles, and listen to audio interviews online by visiting www.healthleadersmedia.com/20people/.





> THE UGLY TRUTH ABOUT COST

Atul Gawande, MD

If you worked in nearthcare in 2009, someone told you to read the article. Even the president of the United States held up the article as required reading for those who would understand why healthcare

Even months later, Atul Gawande, MD, wonders how his article "The Cost Conundrum" in the June 1 New Yorker struck a very raw nerve Part of what gives Gawande's mass-audience writing on healthcare such heft is his blend of a physician's knowledge with a master storyteller's need to find the problem where it lives. Many had dissected the academic data Medicare costs put out by the Dartmouth At Gawande says that only told part of the story

"The whole reason I wrote it is that certain of what to make of the Dartmouth Gawande says. "It seemed to me that I had a secon problem, which was that we didn't understand what While still in mgn school, Dean Kamen was to do about costs.

The reaction to the story was reassuring to Gawande, but not just because so many people n high places referenced it. To Gawande that the eaction was so strong was an affirmation of why he writes a story: because he doesn't fully grasp an important issue and hopes his exploration of the answers is shared.

He also takes some pride in that those who chose to use his article as a point in the ongoing healthcare reform debate came from both sides of the political aisle. "They might disagree about how you solve it, but if it helps crystallize the problems that we want reform to solve in order to make care better-not just cheaper but generally better-that is what all my work is about "

> TRYING TO **DELIVER MIRACLES**

making money by designing light and sound systems

for rock bands and museums, Pretty cool, But early on in his career, the renowned inventor determined to focus on "the really important stuff that can make a big difference to people.

Much of Kamen's work is dedicated to healthcare and medical products. Among his inventions: the AutoSyringe wearable infusion pump; the Homechoice PD, a peritoneal dialysis machine; and the iBOT self-balancing wheelchair.

Kamen's latest healthcare breakthrough is a robotic prosthetic being developed for the military The DEKA Arm virtually reacts to the user's thoughts an arm and hand that has the sensitivity to distinguish among and handle objects as diverse as a razor blade and a grape, all the while using a range of motion akin

Kamen lives at a hilltop estate in Bedford, NH. He often pilots his own helicopter from there to his DEKA Research and Development Corp., which oploys about 300 in the city of Manchester NH

"I get passionate about trying to solve a problem. I've got some really, really smart people here that will jump all over trying to deliver miracles. It's fun, it's exciting, and when it works, it makes us feel pretty good about ourselves and the future

essential to Kamen's vision. "We're going to have to stop assuming we are recipients of magic from 'them'-whoever the 'them' is, whether it's the insurance company or the government or your doctor. There's no 'them' out there. It's going to be a world where people are responsible, they are not recipients; they're customers, they're patients, and they're going to be involved in preventing diseases and hopefully

> PATIENT ENGAGE-

patient consumer the likes of whom-depend-

ing on your viewpoint-is either an anomaly or

In 2007, deBronkart was diagnosed with stage

four kidney cancer. His Boston-based physician,

MENT ADVOCATE

Dave deBronkart

treating them more effectively than passively being "My life just pivoted like on a railroad tur the recipient of a process." —BOB WERTZ at that moment."

venues, deBronkart's main message reverberates: Dave deBronkart is the quintessential engaged Patients have the right to know and pursue their options. He believes that "great doctors saved my life," but patients can and should contribute to

> As for whether or not engaged patients are an anomaly or an inevitability? "All I can say is we're : be described as an early adopter.

The theme of personal responsibility is also : Daniel Sands, MD, introduced him to the cancersupport site Acor.org, which has an online chat room for kidney cancer patients.

> Soon after, deBronkart was invited to join a meeting of ACOR's e-patient scholars working group-of which Sands was a member. Aft that, deBronkart became an active blogge e-patients net and took on the online handle many know him by: ePatientDave.

Now deBronkart often works late into the A decide night, spreading his patient empowerment message in chat rooms, on blogs, via Twitter, and other forums. More recently, deBronkart and ands became co-chairs of the board of direcors for the Society for Participatory Medicine, another e-patients.net offshoot. Through all these

spreading the word," says or later everybody will be headed to our party. -GIENNA SHAW

> EARLY ADVOCATE FOR PATIENT E-MAIL. **ENGAGEMENT**

niel Sands, MD

Sands, MD, says, "If I had my druthers, I would take care of only patients who are engaged." A physician at the 621-bed Beth Israel Deaconess Medical Center in Boston, Sands says, "I've always been interested in what we now call participatory medicine. It's the way I like to practice."

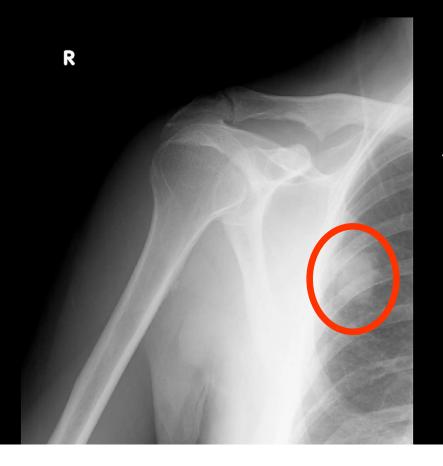
From writing guidelines for communicating with patients via e-mail to helping to develop clinical decision support systems and patient portals, Sands is also a huge advocate of using technology to improve the patient experience. And he can only

Daily healthcare news at: www.healthleadersmedia.com

HealthLeaders December 2009 25

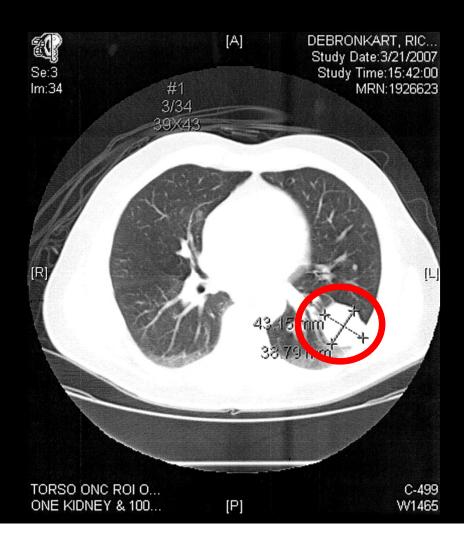


2007: My "Incidental Finding" Routine shoulder x-ray, Jan. 2, 2007



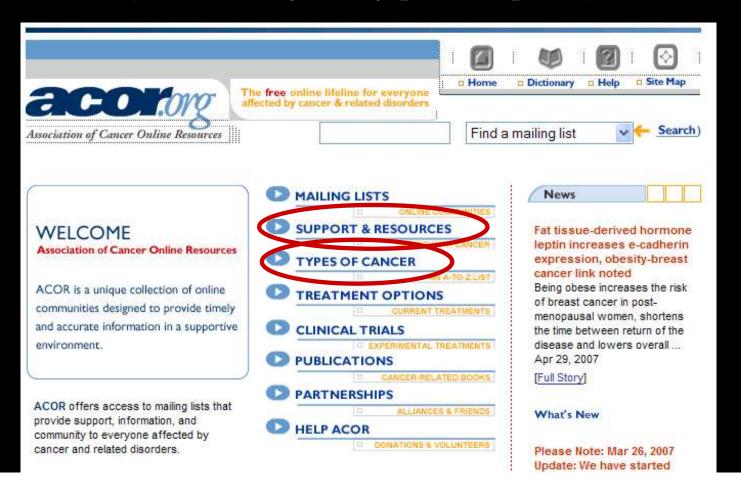
"Your shoulder will be fine ... but there's something in your lung"

One of my five lung "mets"



"My doctor prescribed ACOR"

(Community of my patient peers)



My patient peers told me:

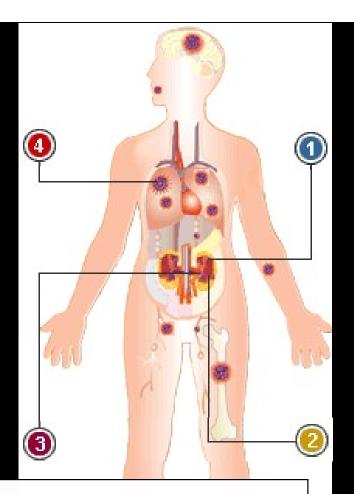
- Welcome to the club nobody wants to join. We know what it's like.
- This is an uncommon disease get to a hospital that does a lot of cases
- There's no cure, but HDIL-2 sometimes works.
 - When it does, about half the time it's permanent
 - The side effects are severe.
- Don't let them give you anything else first
- Here are four doctors in your area who do it

My patient peers told me:

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Classic Stage IV, Grade 4 Renal Cell Carcinoma

> Illustration on the drug company's web site



Median Survival: 24 weeks

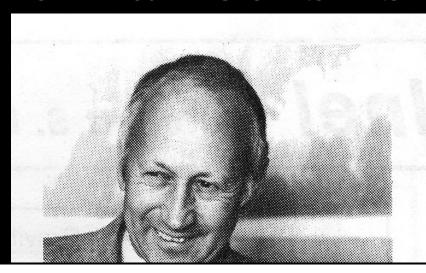
Patients are the ultimate stakeholder.

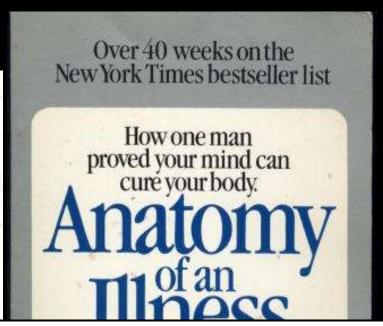
(They have more "at stake" than anyone)

Facing death My mother My daughter

After the shock you're left with the question: What are my options? What can I do?

Norman Cousins

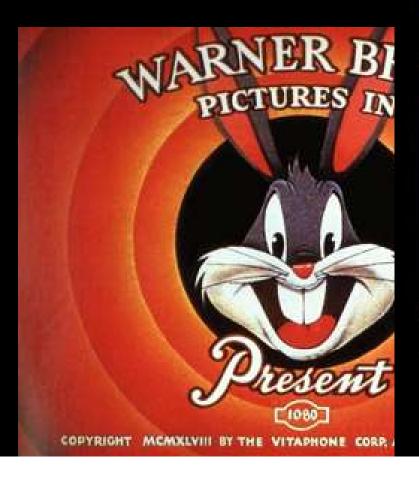




The basic theme of this book is that every person must accept a certain measure of responsibility for his or her own recovery from disease or disability.

Cousins

Me 21st Century



5 N L

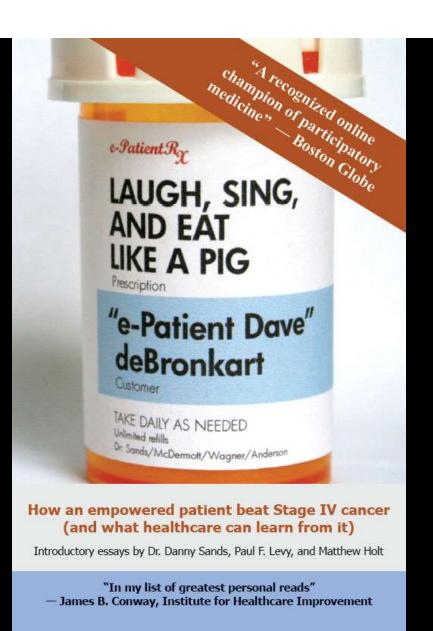


THE COMPLETE

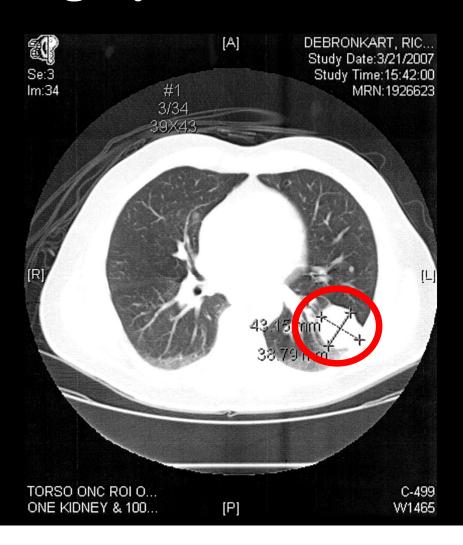
Laugh ... and Sing

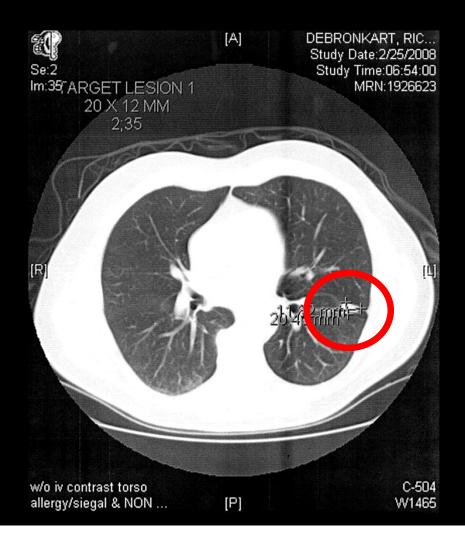


Laugh
& Sing
Eat Like
a Pig



Surgery & Interleukin worked – in six months



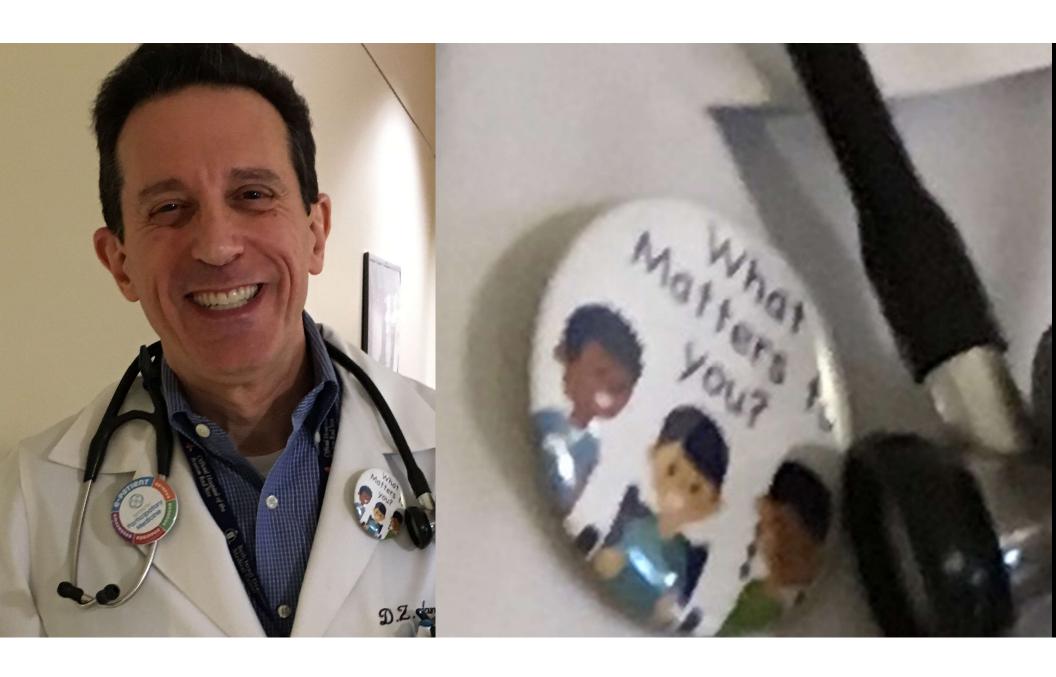


BMJ

ACOR's practical information may have saved my life

As a responsible engaged patient, knowing that IL-2's side effects might kill me, I sought to prepare myself. First I sought authoritative sources; there I found dry facts: "Side effects are often severe and rarely fatal, and include . . ." I thought, "What am I supposed to do with that?" and turned to my peers on ACOR. I asked, "You who've done this—what was it like? What do I need to know?" From them I received 17 firsthand stories—a wide range of experiences. I felt prepared—and today Dr McDermott says, "You were really sick. I don't know if you could have tolerated enough medicine if you hadn't been so well prepared." In this case

He says we did it together.



"Patients know what patients want to know"

"I am the patient and I need to be heard"

• https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BqFfRiyW07I



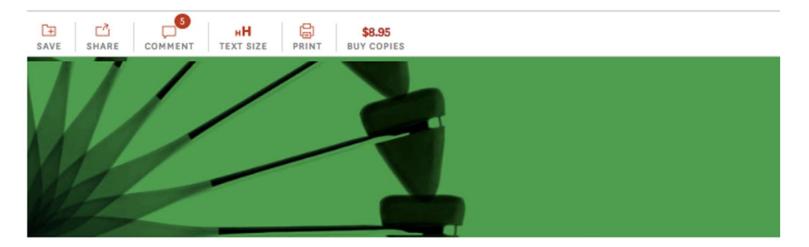
Harvard Business Review

Nov 2016 **OPERATIONS**

Giving Patients an Active Role in Their Health Care

by Len Schlesinger and John Fox

NOVEMBER 21, 2016





As payment and care delivery models shift in the United States from episodic, fee-for-service care toward population health and value-based reimbursement, health care leaders are focused more than ever on patient engagement as a key to driving down costs and improving outcomes. And yet, as so many of us know who have attempted to manage our own care or tend to sick family members, the U.S. health care system rarely feels like it's



U.S. NEWS

OPINION

PODCAST: DO NO HARM

Some COVID-19 patients aren't getting better. Major medical centers are trying to figure out how to help.

"What we need is more research to explain where the symptoms are coming from," one expert said.



MIT Technology Review

Covid-19 "long haulers" are organizing online to study themselves

Slack groups and social media are connecting people who've never fully recovered from coronavirus to collect data on their condition.

by Tanya Basu

August 12, 2020

Gina Assaf was running in Washington, DC, on March 19 when she suddenly couldn't take another step. "I was so out of breath I had to stop," she says. Five days earlier, she'd hung out with a friend; within days, that friend and their partner had started showing three classic signs of covid-19: fever, cough, and shortness of breath.





NIH Strategic Response | Funding | Testing | Treatments and Vaccines

May 20, 2021

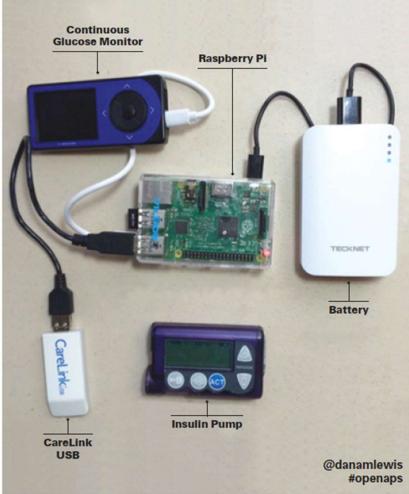
NIH Plans Research on "Long COVID"

The new PASC Initiative will look at longterm symptoms of COVID-19



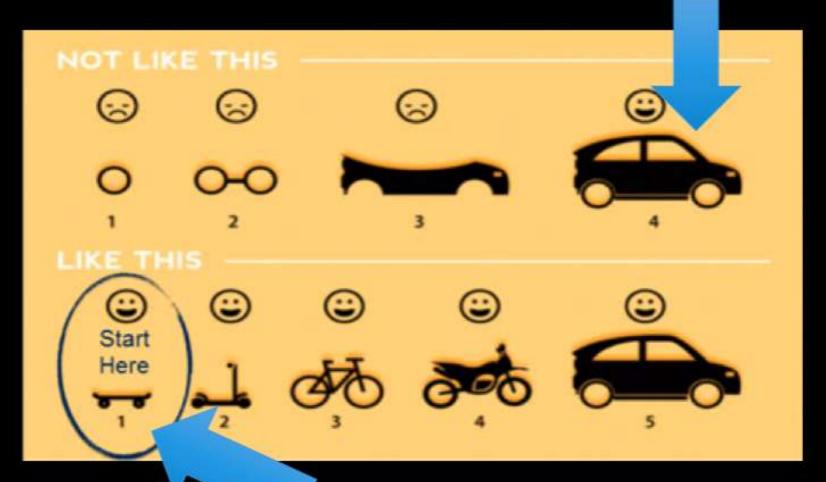
A DIY ARTIFICIAL PANCREAS

The artificial pancreas that type 1 diabetes patient Dana Lewis and her co-innovators developed for themselves used an off-the-shelf microcomputer to connect commercially available continuous glucose monitors with commercially available insulin pumps.



NOT LIKE THIS Solve to the second se

Traditional innovation



User-driven innovation

@DanaMLewis



BMC Medicine

RESEARCH ARTICLE OPEN ACCESS

Taxonomy of the burden of treatment: a multi-country w based qualitative study of patients with chronic condition

Viet-Thi Tran M, Caroline Barnes, Victor M. Montori, Bruno Falissard and Philippe Ravaud

Abstract

Background

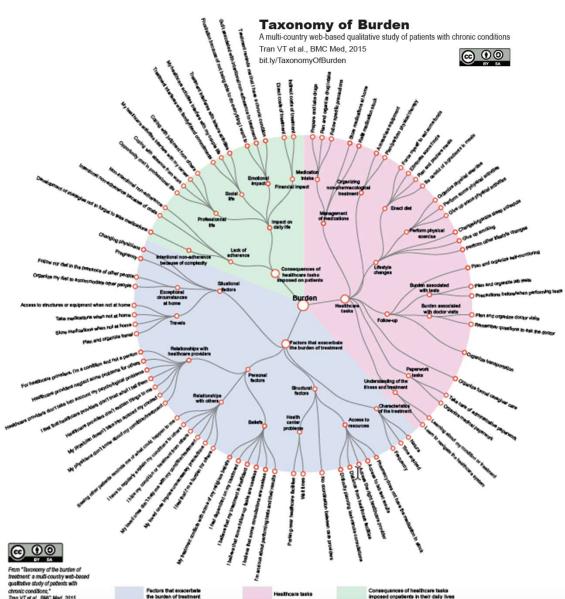
Management strategies for patients with chronic conditions are becoming increasingly complex, whi result in a burden of treatment for patients. To develop a Minimally Disruptive Medicine designed to the burden of treatment, clinicians need to understand which healthcare tasks and aggravating factors be responsible for this burden. The objective of the present study was to describe and classify the components of the burden of treatment for patients with chronic conditions from the patient's persi

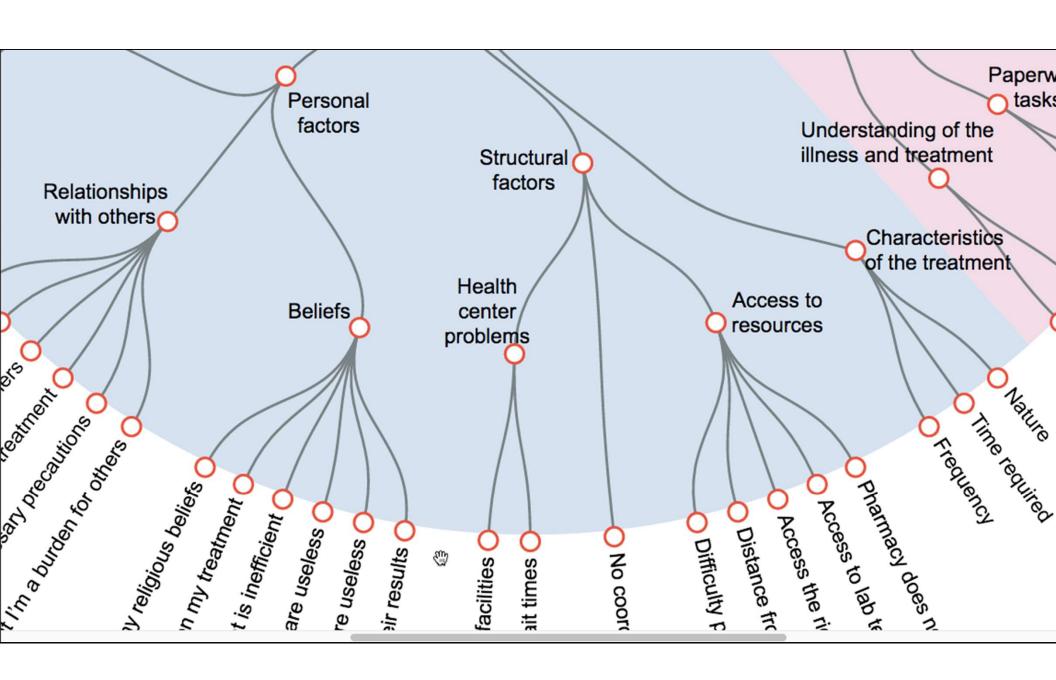
Methods

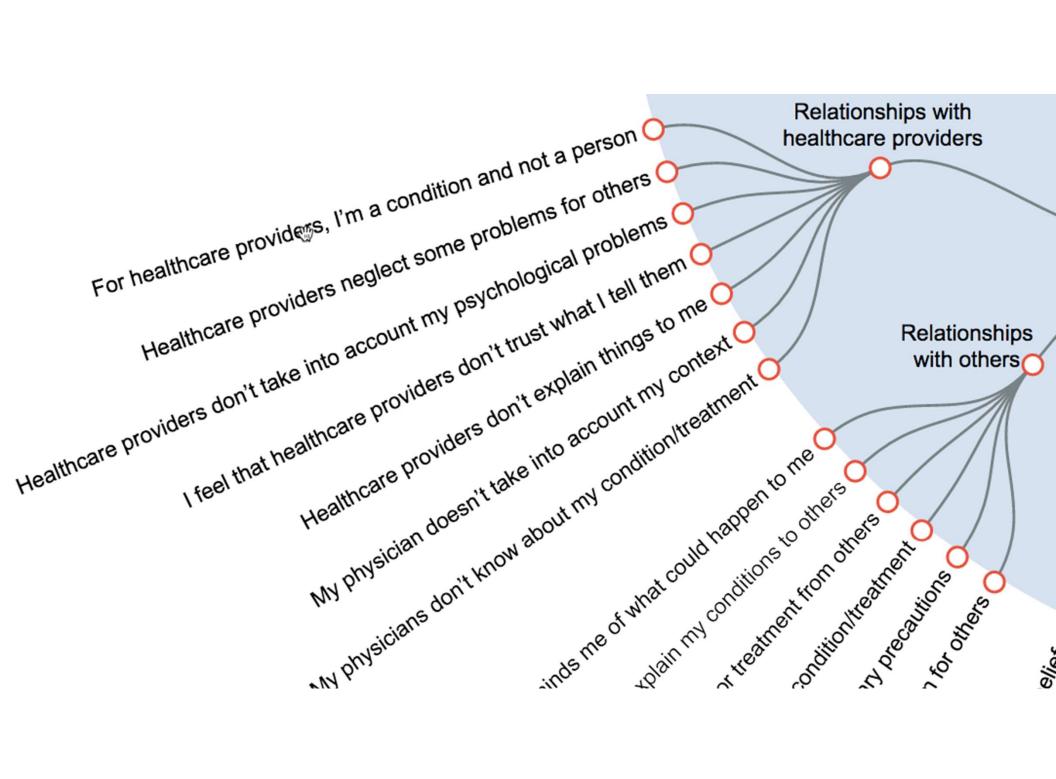
We performed a multi-country qualitative study using an online survey and a purposive sampling str select English-, French-, and Spanish-speaking participants with different chronic conditions. Particip recruited by physicians, patients' associations, advertisement on social media, and 'snowballing'. The were analyzed by i) manual content analysis with a grounded theory approach, coded by two researii) automatic textual analysis by Reinert's method.

Results

Between 2013 and 2014, 1,053 participants from 34 different countries completed the online survey 408,625 words. Results from both analyses were synthesized in a taxonomy of the burden of treatm described i) the tasks imposed on patients by their diseases and by their healthcare system (e.g., me management, lifestyle changes, follow-up, etc.); ii) the structural (e.g., access to healthcare resources coordination between care providers), personal, situational, and financial factors that aggravated the of treatment; and iii) patient-reported consequences of the burden (e.g., poor adherence to treatme financial burden, impact on professional, family, and social life, etc.). Our findings may not be applicapatients with chronic conditions who differ from those who responded to our survey.







Dutch IVF program had an insane idea

- Give patient couples a wiki, and six months to talk
- "We'll give you
 <u>anything you decide</u> –
 your top ten choices."



Top things IVF patients asked for

- •More attempts at fertilization
- Empathy from my doctor, not just technical or financial information.
- •Separate waiting rooms for pregnant couples and those who aren't yet

Participatory Medicine is a movement.

Visionary physicians have said since the 1970s that patients are the most under-used resource in healthcare. Today, empowered by the Web and digital health, clinicians and patients in the Society for Participatory Medicine have developed this set of principles and practices - five matching promises - to enable adoption of this new model of practice and self-care.

Join us. Sign the manifesto, and spread the word.



SignTheManifesto.org

I pledge my commitment to the Participatory Medicine Manifesto and promise to do the following:

As a healthcare professional I will:

- Acknowledge that my patients are the experts on their own life, body, and mind
- Use plain language for clear and accurate communication
- Respect patient perspectives based on culture, upbringing, and circumstances
- Encourage my patients to be honest by being respectful and non-judgmental
- Help my patients access and understand the information they need to engage in their care
- Acknowledge that patients own and have an absolute right to data about their health
- Be honest and clear with patients even when something is difficult to explain in lay terms
- Encourage my patients to do their own research and become involved in health communities

· Treat my patients and their caregivers like

· Learn and respect patient goals, values, and

partners, peers, and collaborators

preferences

Be a Teambuilder

As a patient or caregiver I will:

- Be prepared to share my story and experiences completely, accurately, and honestly
- Ask questions of healthcare professionals and voice my concerns
- Respect One Another

Share and Listen

- Take the time to make sure I understand what my healthcare professionals are telling me
- Respect my loved one's wishes about sharing information and gathering research
- Share Information Responsibly
- Remember that my healthcare professionals need information to personalize my care
- Acknowledge that I own and have an absolute right to data about my health
- Promote Curiosity
- Be truthful with healthcare professionals, even when it's uncomfortable
- Advocate for myself or my loved one by questioning healthcare professionals
- Play an active role on the care team as a patient or caregiver
- Reach out to other caregivers for help and take care of myself so I can take care of others

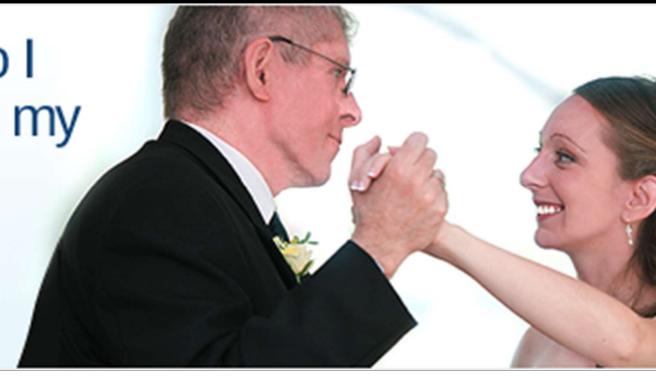
2.8 e-Patient Years in Pictures...

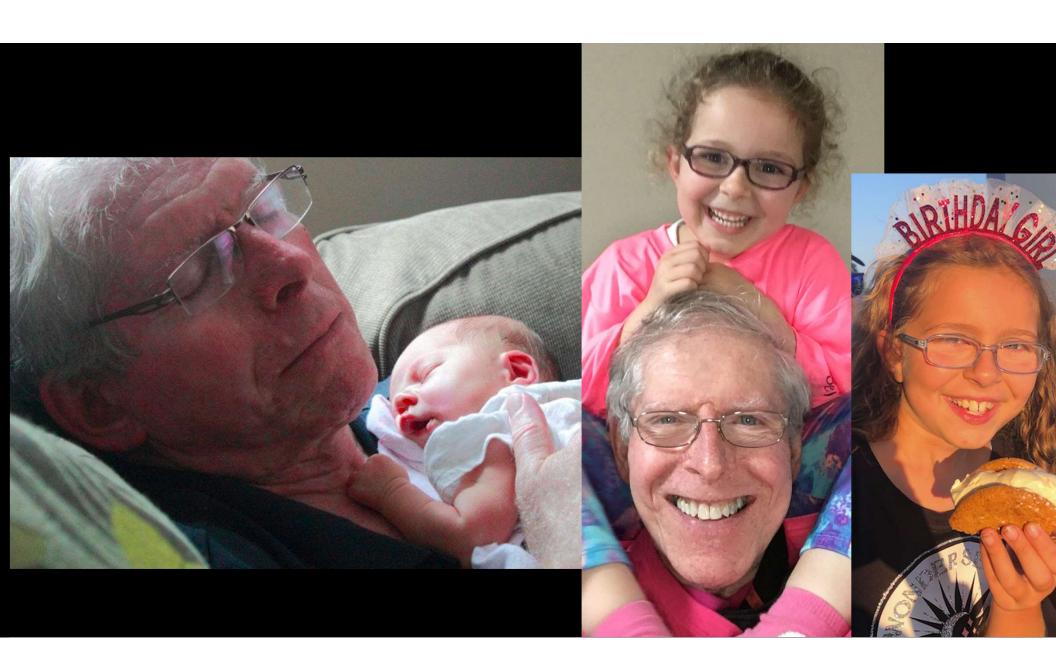


Personally, I *love* medicine.

"I beat cancer so I could dance with my daughter at her wedding."

Dave deBronkart





How might we rethink how care is achieved, so people remember us for bringing joy and hope to their families?

Empowered Patients as Active Partners: A new model for the best care

Dave deBronkart
Twitter: @ePatientDave
dave@epatientdave.com





