

What Boards Should Know About Healthcare's Emerging Security Risk

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HEALTH

Learning Objectives

- Discuss the most common healthcare security threats
- Review questions that boards can ask their security executives to assess maturity of security program and risk to the organization
- Assess your organization's security strategy and ability to prepare for the data threats and attacks
- Identify common healthcare security shortcomings and resource failures
- Define how to navigate this complex environment and create a plan that can adapt to the emerging threats

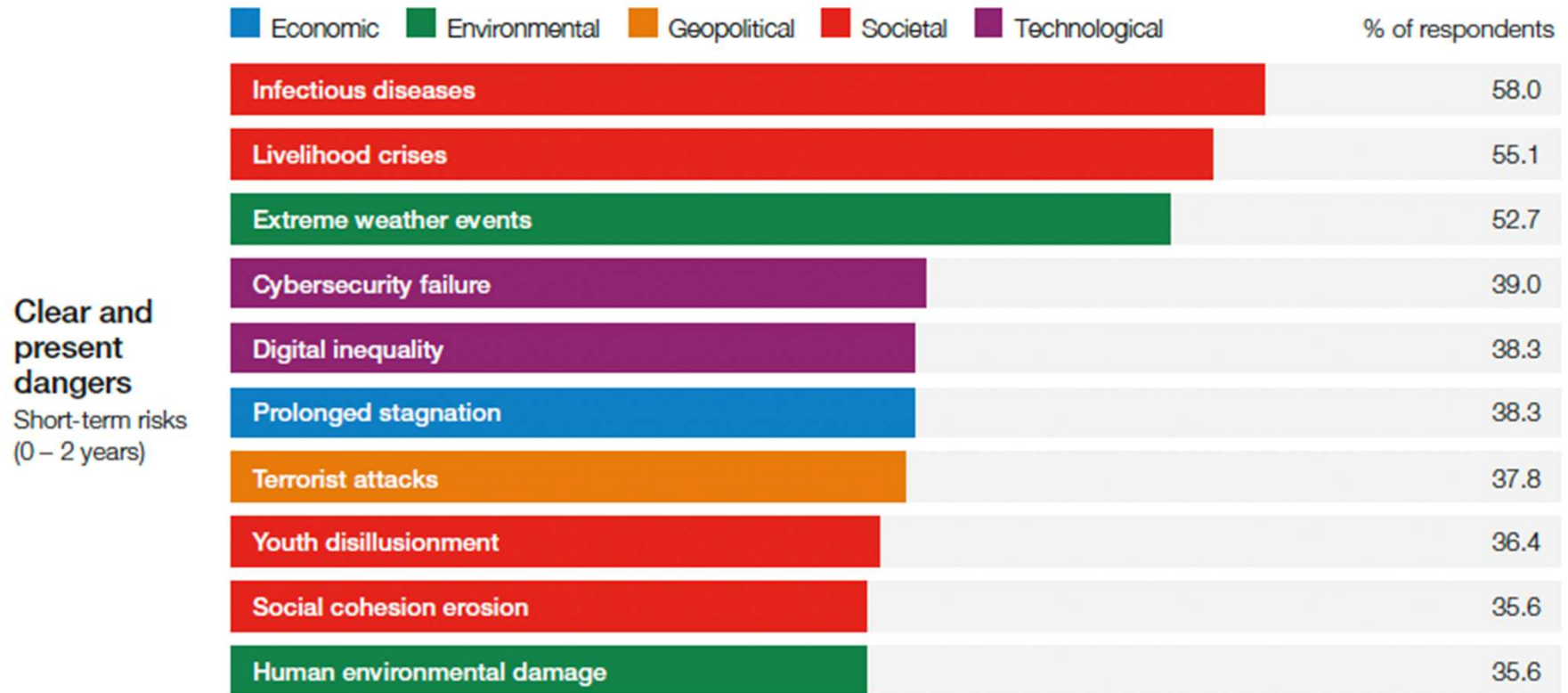
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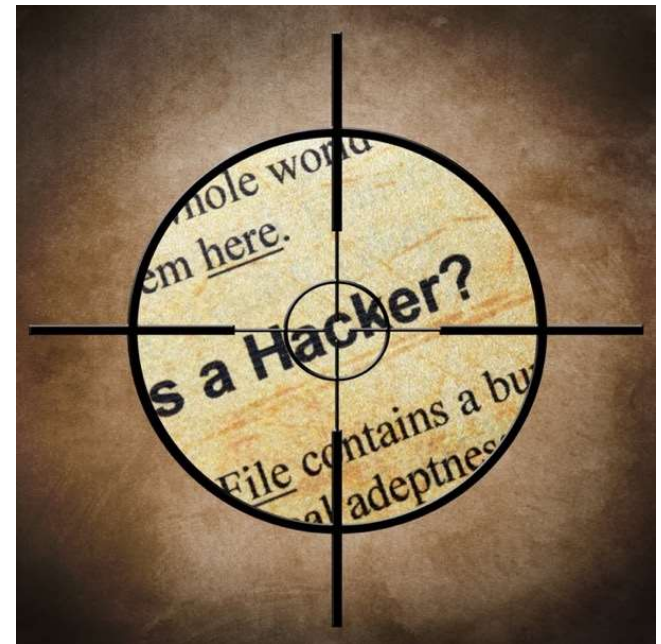
Global Risk Horizon



World Economic Forum 2021 Report

Why is healthcare a target?

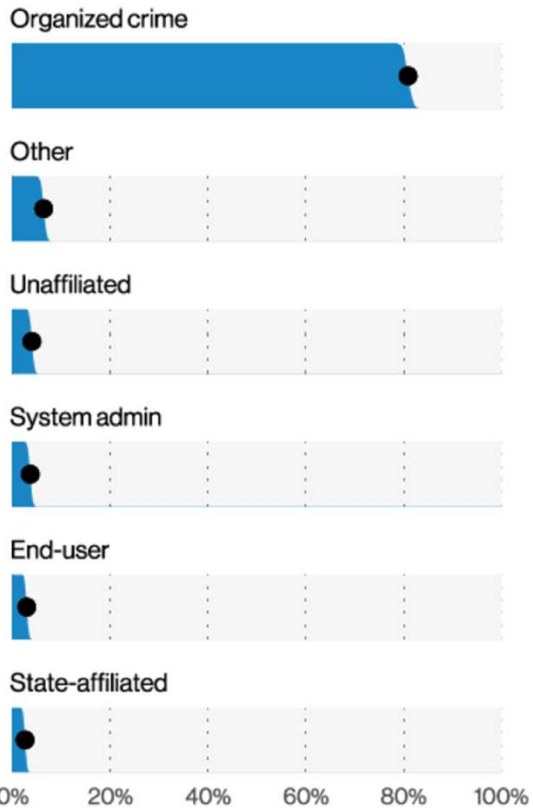
- Cybercriminals view healthcare organizations as a soft target
- Ongoing shift from paper to electronic health records Increase in the use of network connected devices
- Attackers are increasing their sophistication
- Insurance fraud is harder to detect than identify fraud



Threat Landscape



Threat Actors



Verizon 2021 DBIR

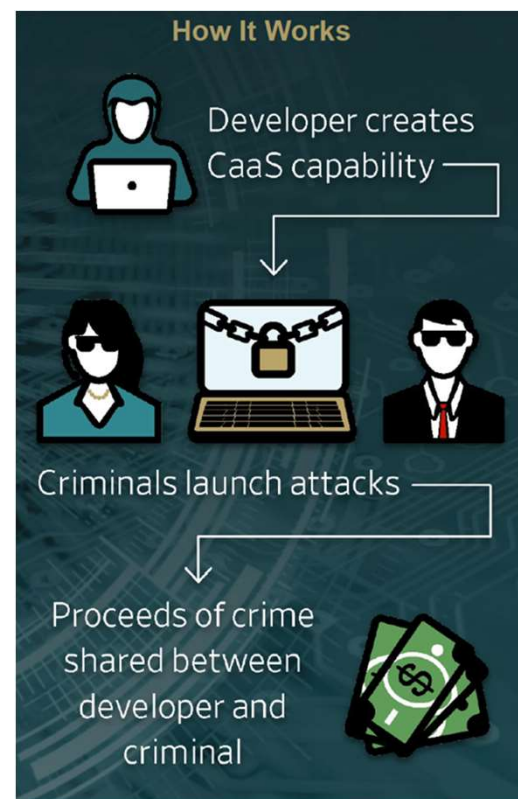
Role	Motivation	Targeted Data
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Organized Crime 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Profit 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Payment card data Personally Identifiable Information (PII) Protected Health Information (PHI)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Insider 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Disgruntled Personal gain Espionage 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Intellectual property Strategic plans Customer contacts and PHI Company funds
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Nation State 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Economic growth of their country Innovation without R&D Cyber warfare 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Intellectual property Military secrets / designs HR and clearance records Critical infrastructure
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Hacktivist 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Idealism Influence change Service disruption 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sensitive business communications Executive documents that could cause embarrassment

Techniques for Compromising Data



Cybercrime as a Service (CaaS)

- **Keep up with the basics:**
 - Patch software on a timely basis, follow backup best practices, manage third-party risk, and train staff.
- **Understand the adversary:**
 - Know which tactics, techniques, and procedures groups offering such services use to compromise firms.
- **Detect and prepare:**
 - Maintain visibility into the environment to identify problems and have a robust incident response plan.



Shadow Broker

- Claims to possess even more exploits stolen from the NSA-linked Equation Group
- Claims to possess much more data and exploits and has launched a subscription-based “service.”



Cyber Attack Examples



Ransomware



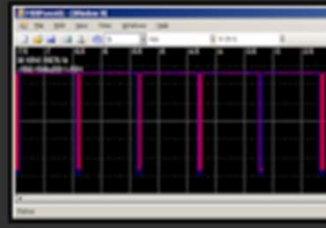
Paging Incident

Saturday, 30 May 2009

Hacking a pager (part 1)

I bought this weekend a pager for 2... find out. The case mentio... much!

I plug my scope on the digi... second exactly.



Unencrypted pagers a security risk for hospitals, power plants

For most of us, pagers went out when cell phones came in, but some companies are still using them and when the messages sent without encryption, attackers can listen in and even interfere with the communications

Data Protection Risks of Using Pagers in Healthcare

Posted on: **September 26, 2016** Posted in: **Healthcare, Mobile Security, Security**
Posted by: **Christopher Budd (Global Threat Communications)**



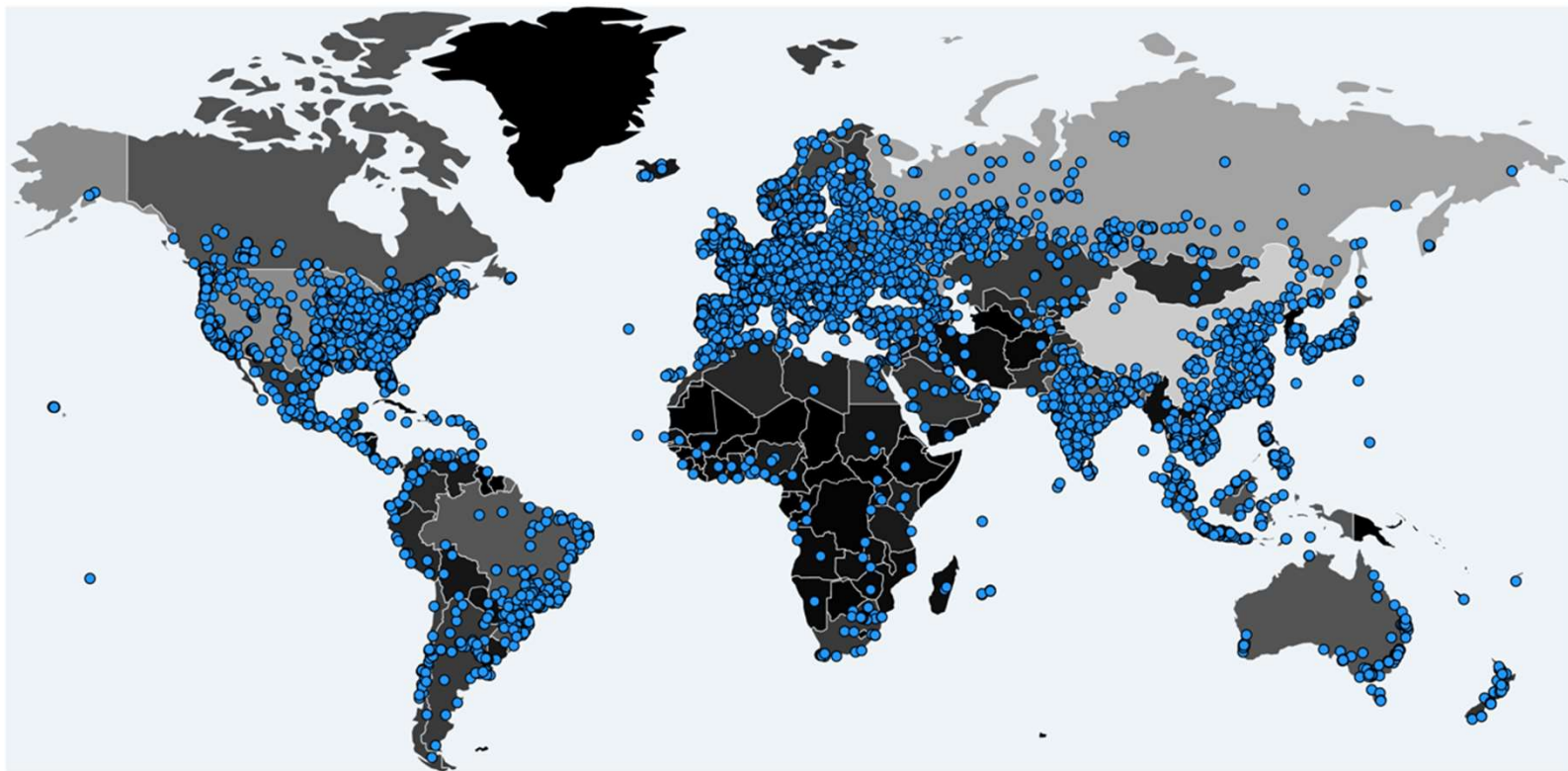
Doctors and pagers are two things that have been closely linked since the introduction of pagers in the **1960s**. For decades, the doctor checking his (and later his or her) pager has been a staple in movies and television.

And while you might have expected pagers to have gone way like rotary telephone (or any kind of wired telephone) you'd be wrong to think they have. Pagers are still in use today, especially in healthcare.

Key facts on WannaCry

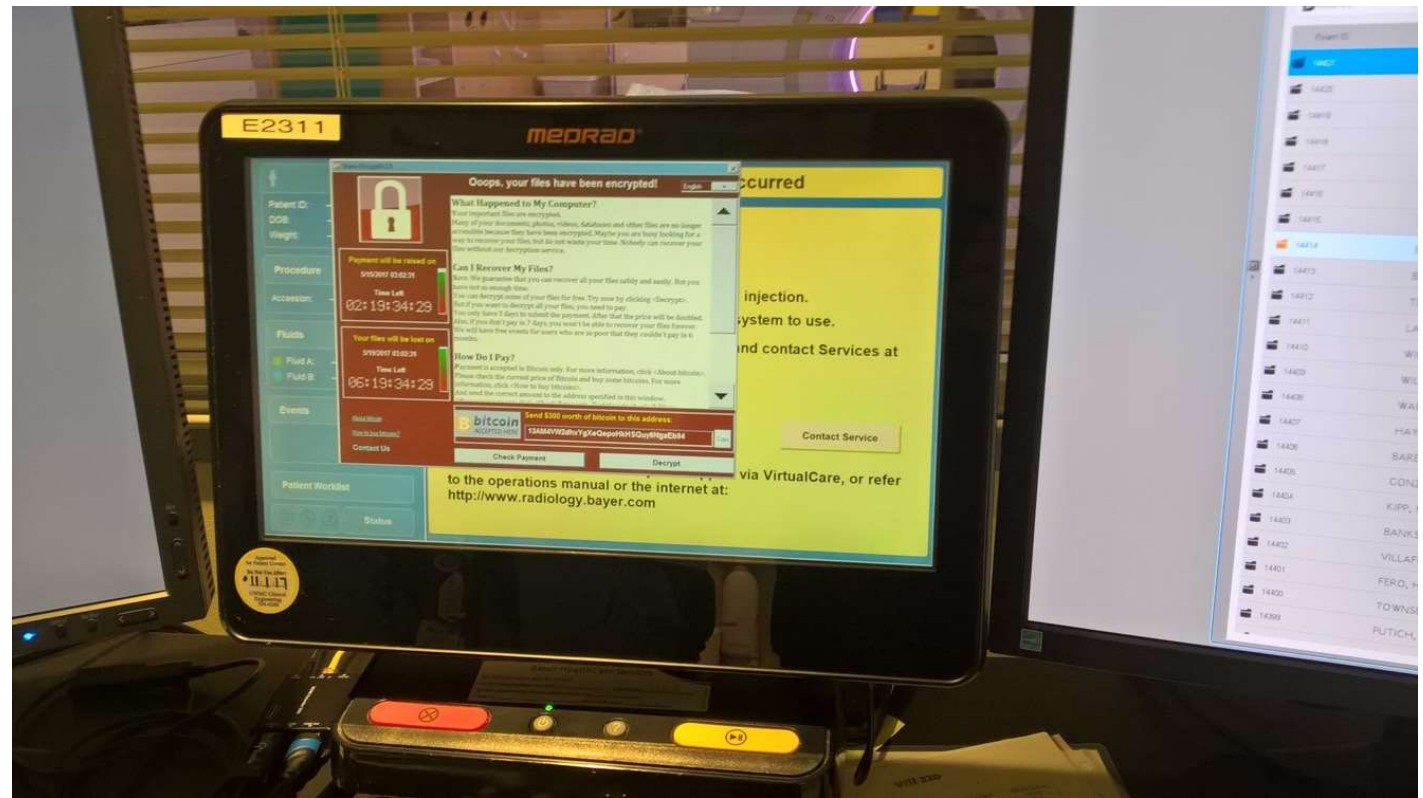
- The malicious program (WannaCry) encrypts files and demands ransom
- Launched on May 12, 2017
- Infected 230,000 hosts in 150 countries
- Distributed using ExternalBlue exploit
- Spreads via SMB (fileshare), RDP (remote desktop) and phishing attacks
- Demands \$300-600 in Bitcoins

WannaCry Infections after 24 hours



CT Injector

- Attack using WannaCry malware

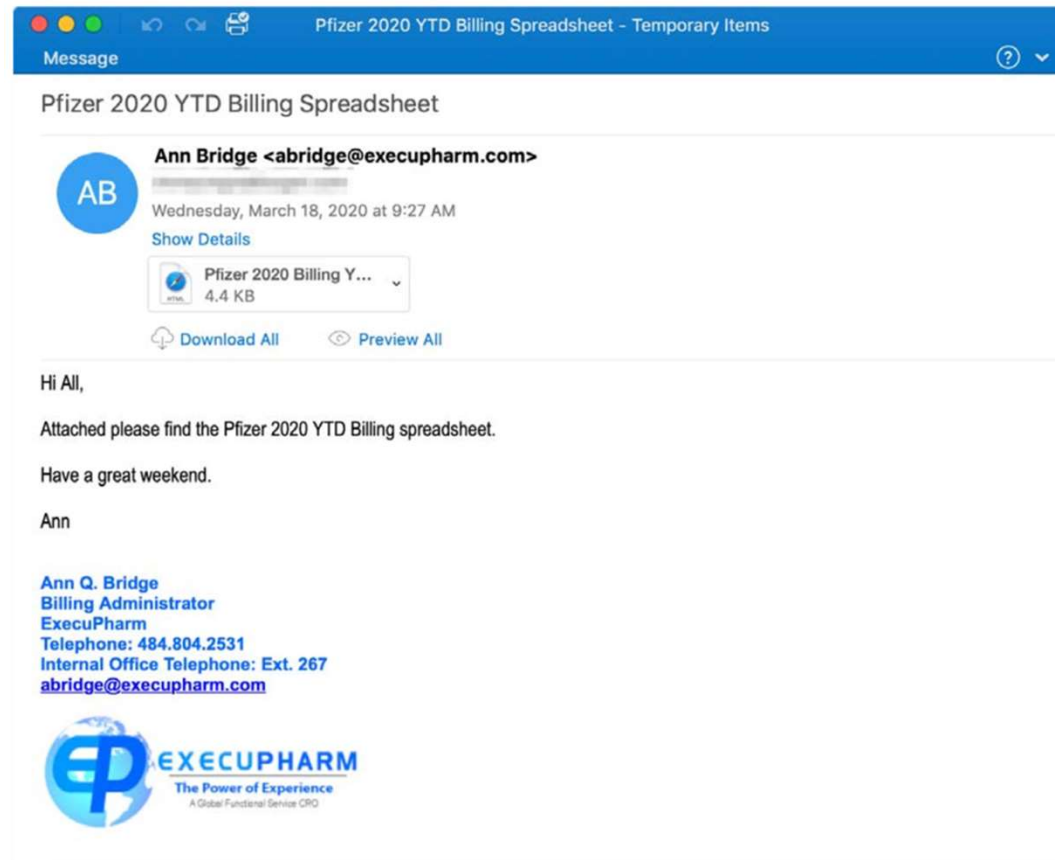


DNA Sequencer

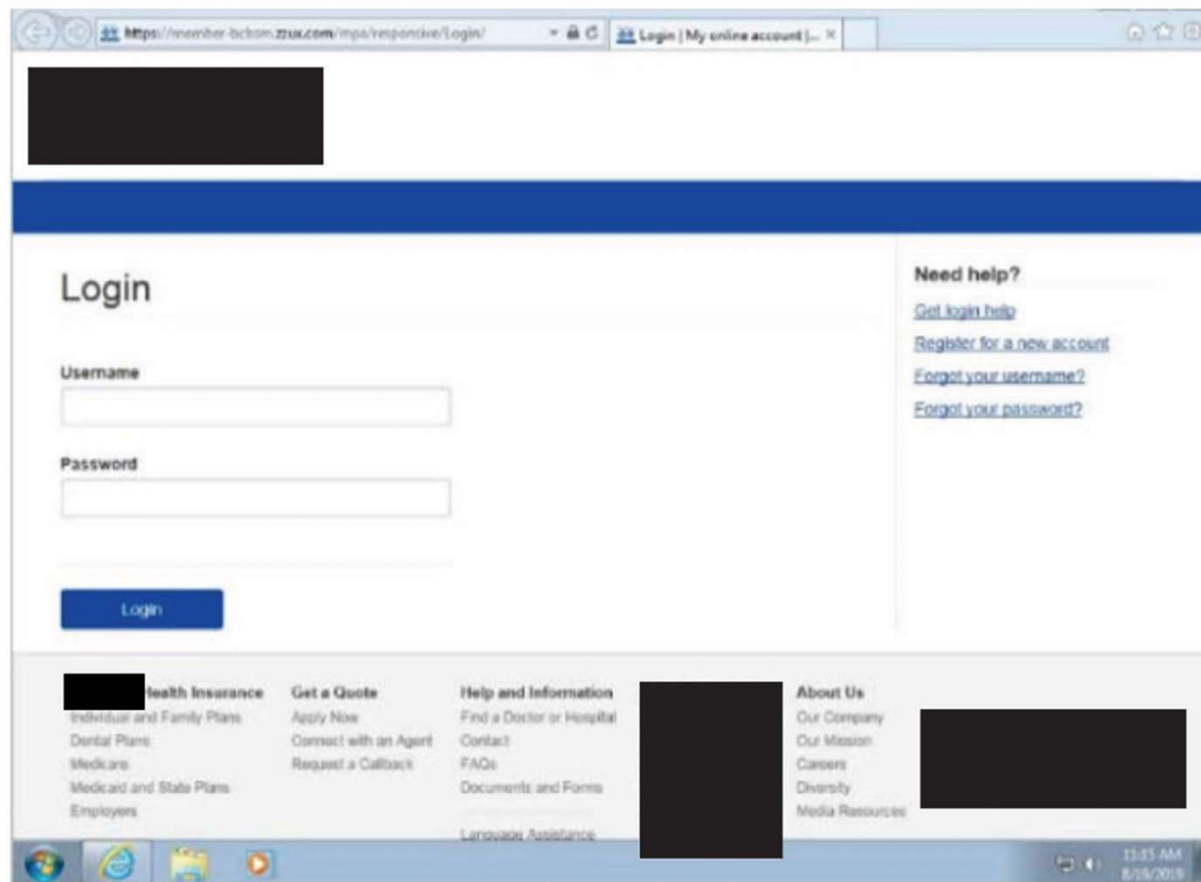
- Attack over RDP from Russian Federation



Pharma: IP, financial data and PII risk



Cloned portals




Hospital

RE: General Payroll ! - Temporary Items

Message

Delete Reply Reply All Forward Attachment Meeting Move Junk Rules Read/Unread Categorize Follow Up

RE: General Payroll !

 RA
Wednesday, March 25, 2020 at 11:39 AM
[Show Details](#)

Faced with an unprecedented economic crisis caused by the COVID-19 outbreak, the Trump administration is considering sending most American adults a check for \$1,000 as part of efforts to stimulate the economy and help workers whose jobs have been disrupted by business closures because of the pandemic.

All staff/Faculty & employee include Student are expected to verify their email account for new payroll directory and adjustment for the month of March benefit payment. Please kindly Click on MARCH-BENEFIT Secure Link: [\[Redacted Link\]](#) > and complete the required directive to avoid omission of your benefit payment for March 2020.

Thank you,

Payroll Admin Department.
© 2020 All rights reserved.

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Information security is a strategic business enabler



- Determine which board committee should have primary oversight of information security risk issues
- Hardwire information security risk considerations into key operational and strategic decision-making process
- Analyze information security issues with respect to their strategic implications and as part of enterprise risk
- Identify opportunities to use information security as a market differentiator/ business driver

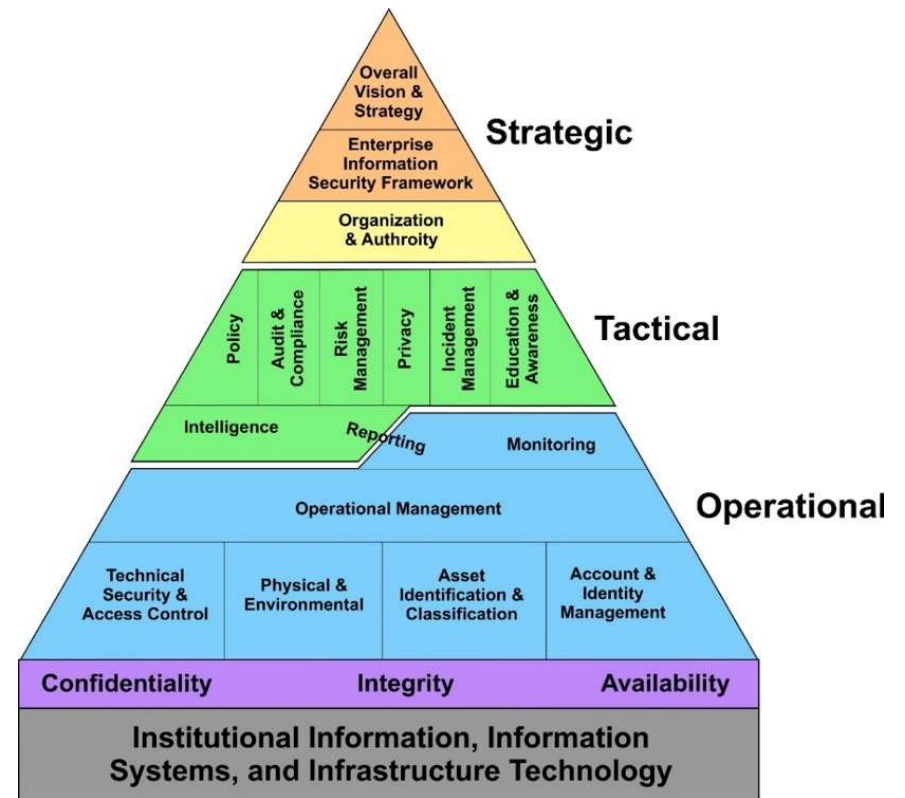
Information Security Strategy and Road Map

- How did you create your organizational information security strategy and road map?
- Is it aimed to comply with mandatory regulations or was it tailored to your organization's business strategy and technology?

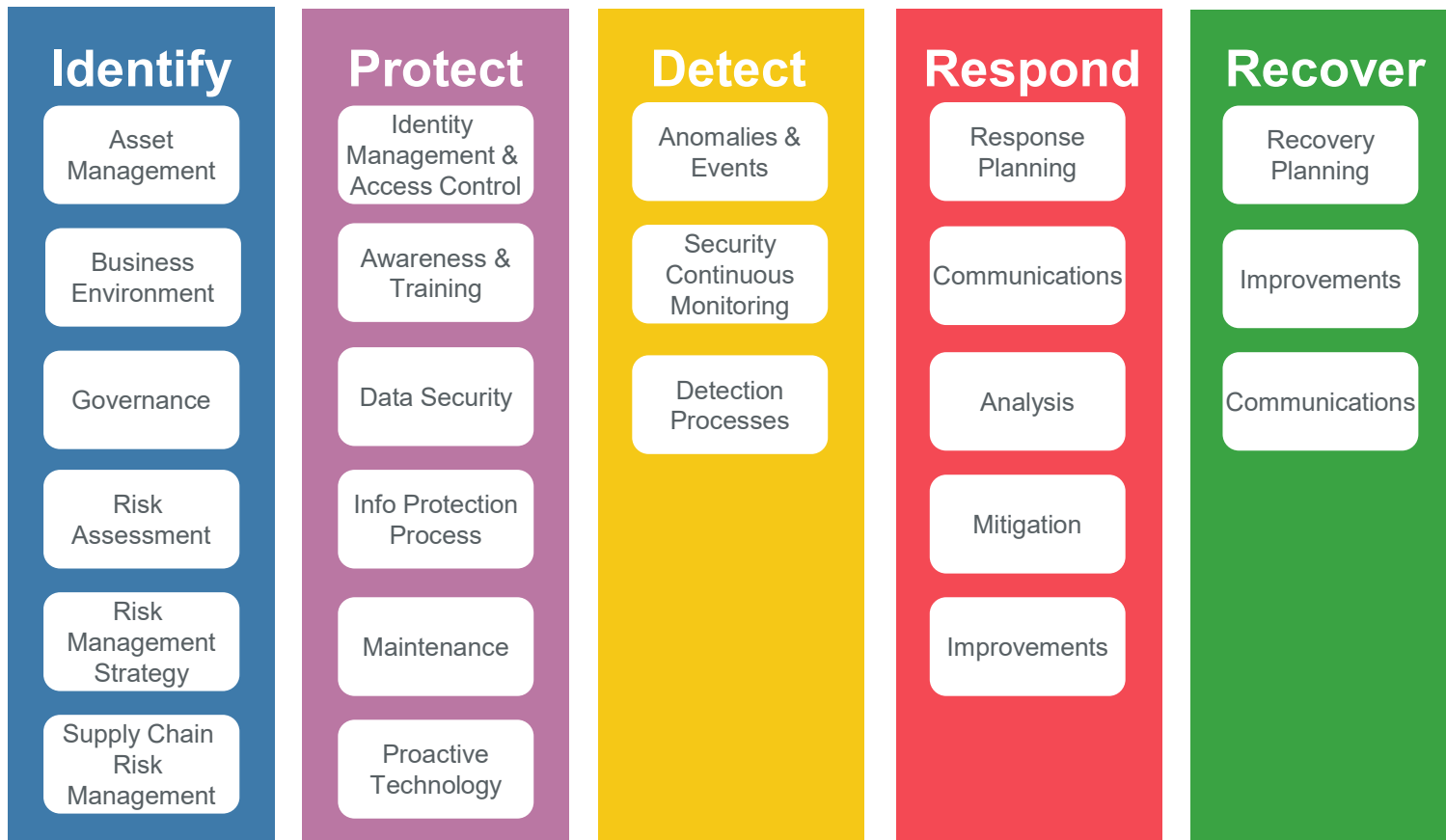


Information Security Strategy and Road Map

- Adopt critical new practices that make sense and are nimble enough to stay ahead of the evolving threats
- Ensure that the organization does not implement controls that have little effect against identified threats
- Based on actual conditions, business objectives, and risk appetites specific to each organization



NIST CSF Core Functions



Factor Analysis of Information Risk (FAIR)



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Ensure organizational design supports information security

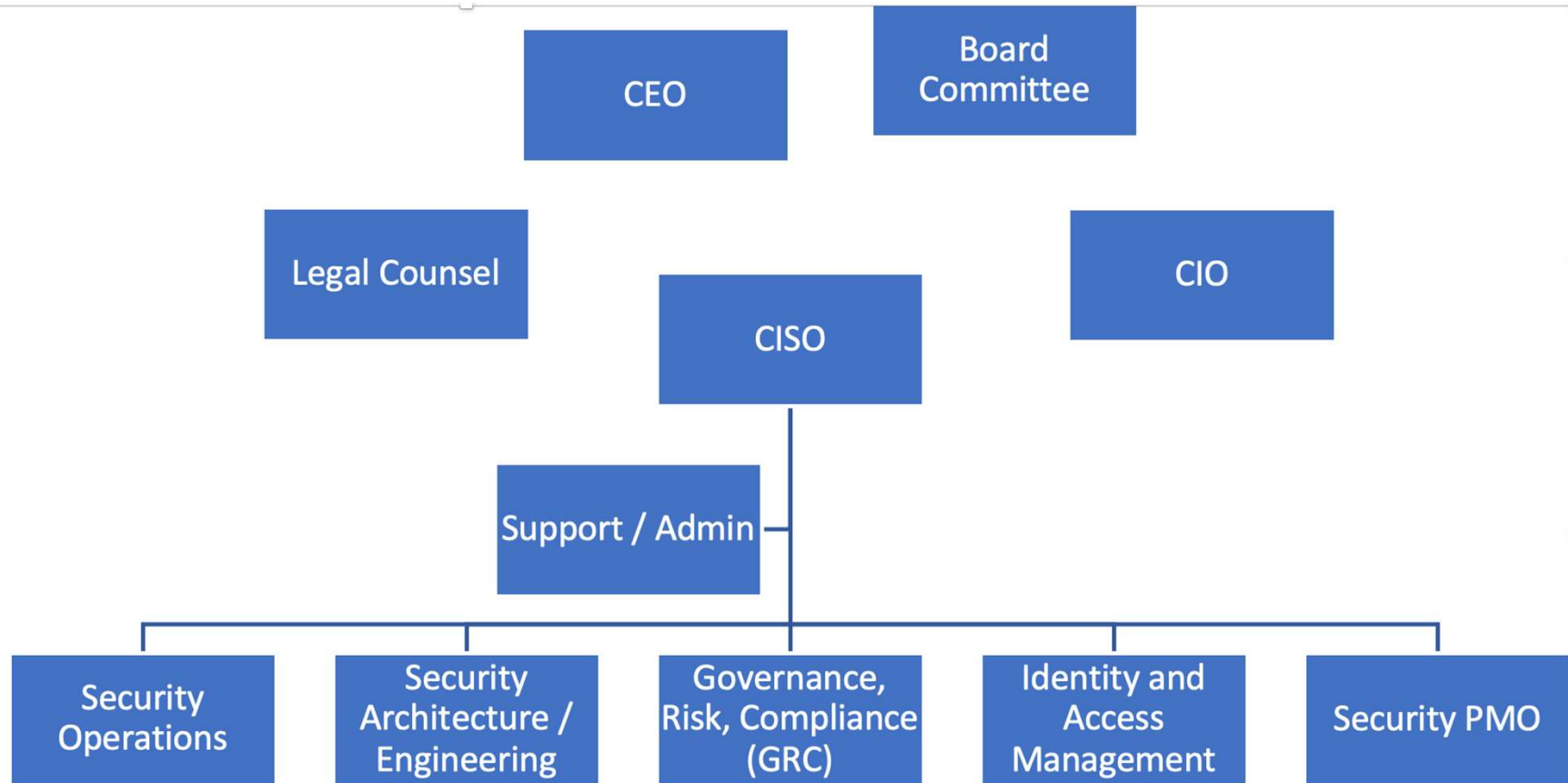
- Information security function is adequately represented across the business, internal groups and leadership
- Set expectations that information security/risk functions are to receive adequate staffing and funding and monitor the efficacy of these determinations
- Inspire an information security culture and encourage collaboration between the cybersecurity function and all stakeholders
- Ensure an accountable officer has authority and responsibility to coordinate information risk strategy throughout the organization and that the organization has a comprehensive plan for data governance



Establish a culture of cybersecurity and resilience



Example security Org chart



Incorporate cybersecurity expertise into board governance



- Build relationships with internal stakeholders who can provide expertise to guide strategic cybersecurity decisions
- Increase board of directors' base level of knowledge on information security risk
- Seek out third-party advisers and assessors—who report to the board regularly
- Consider periodic audits, reviews of information security strength and benchmarking by independent third parties
- Get regular updates on recent information security incidents, trends, vulnerabilities and risk predictions

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Understand the economic drivers and impact of cyber risk

- Review and approve the organization's cyber-risk appetite, or tolerance
- Instruct management to establish a consistent framework, using industry-accepted risk quantification models
- Require continuous examination of comparative measurements and metrics
- Base information security risk management decisions on the potential impact and likelihood of risk events and functional loss or exposure

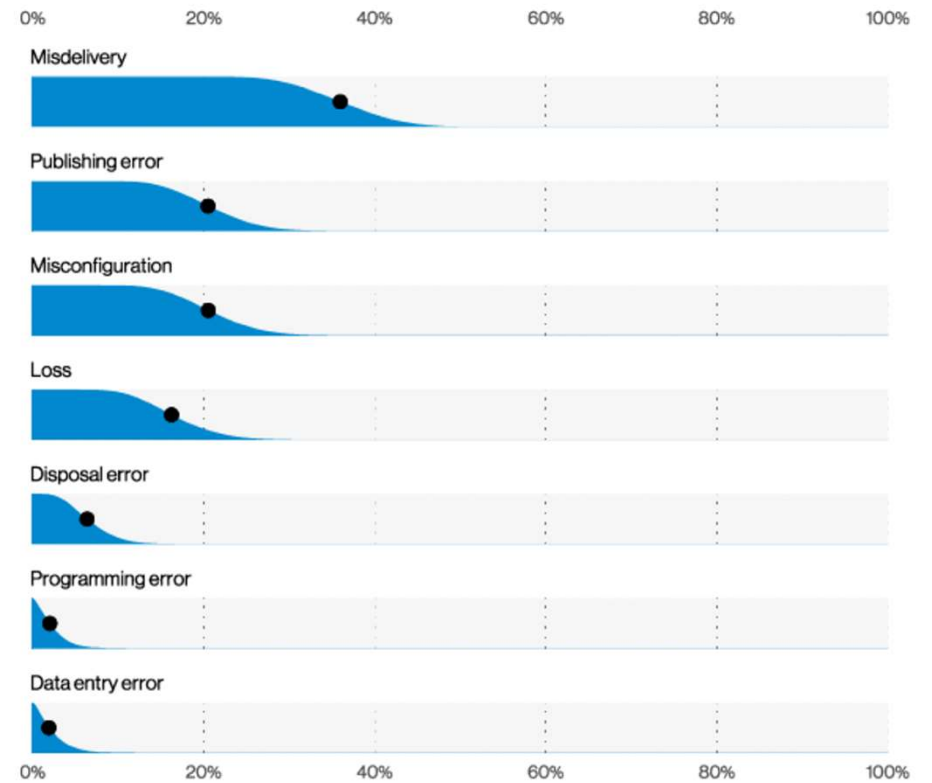
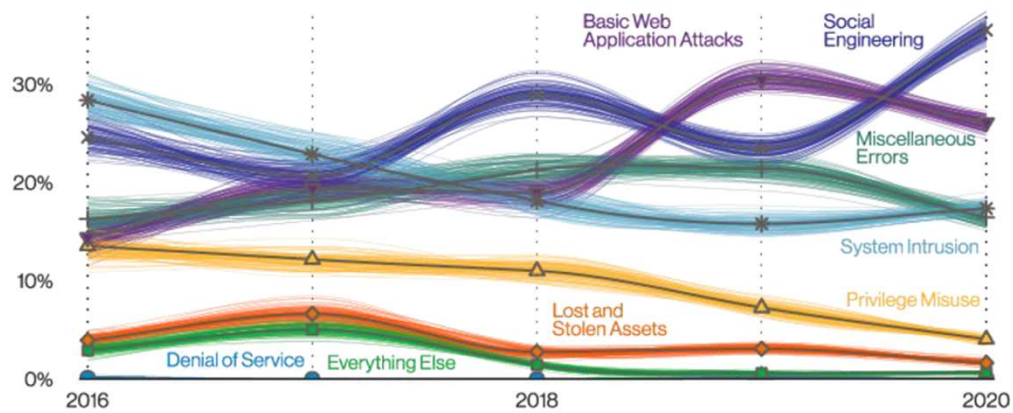


Align information security risk management with business needs



- Critically review the organization's business strategy and drivers in the context of their information security risk implications
- Require management to report to the board
 - Information security implications of their activities
 - Well-developed, written and tested plans to counter adverse information security events
- Require management to
 - Integrate cyber-risk analysis into significant business decisions along with effective assurances of the information's quality and comprehensiveness
 - Provide roadmaps on how the company makes determinations of risk materiality that inform regulatory obligations

Incident information



Audit, Assessments, and Compliance

- Do we have a third party assess the information security program maturity?
- Have we closed all high-risk findings from last external penetration test, audit, or assessment?
- Do we baseline the organization against NIST or some other standard?



Encourage systemic resilience and collaboration

- Develop a 360-degree view of the organization's risk and resiliency posture
- Develop peer networks, including other board members, to share best governance practices across institutional boundaries
- Ensure management has plans for effective collaboration, especially with the public sector, on improving cyber resilience
- Ensure that management accounts for risks stemming from the broader industry connections
- Encourage management participation in industry groups and knowledge and information-sharing platforms



Risk Management



How do you measure the impact and relevancy of the security controls?



Security Performance (Example)

- Reduction in patching time
- Exposure to malware
- Mean time to resolve

Vulnerability Management KPI
















		Last	Current	Trend
Vulnerability Management	Improve High Risk Applications	Red	Yellow	Green Up Arrow
	Reduce Network Environment Risk	Yellow	Yellow	Yellow Right Arrow
	Maintain Program Health	Green	Yellow	Red Down Arrow

Third party risk

- 1. What is the average vendor score?
- 2. What is the score for critical vendors?
- 3. Is it trending up or down?



Score / Impact

 83 0 percent 100		\$4M
 68 0 percent 100		\$37.4M
 86 0 percent 100		\$46.1K 
 88 0 percent 100		\$25.1K 
 83 0 percent 100		\$5.3M
 90 0 percent 100		\$28.1K 

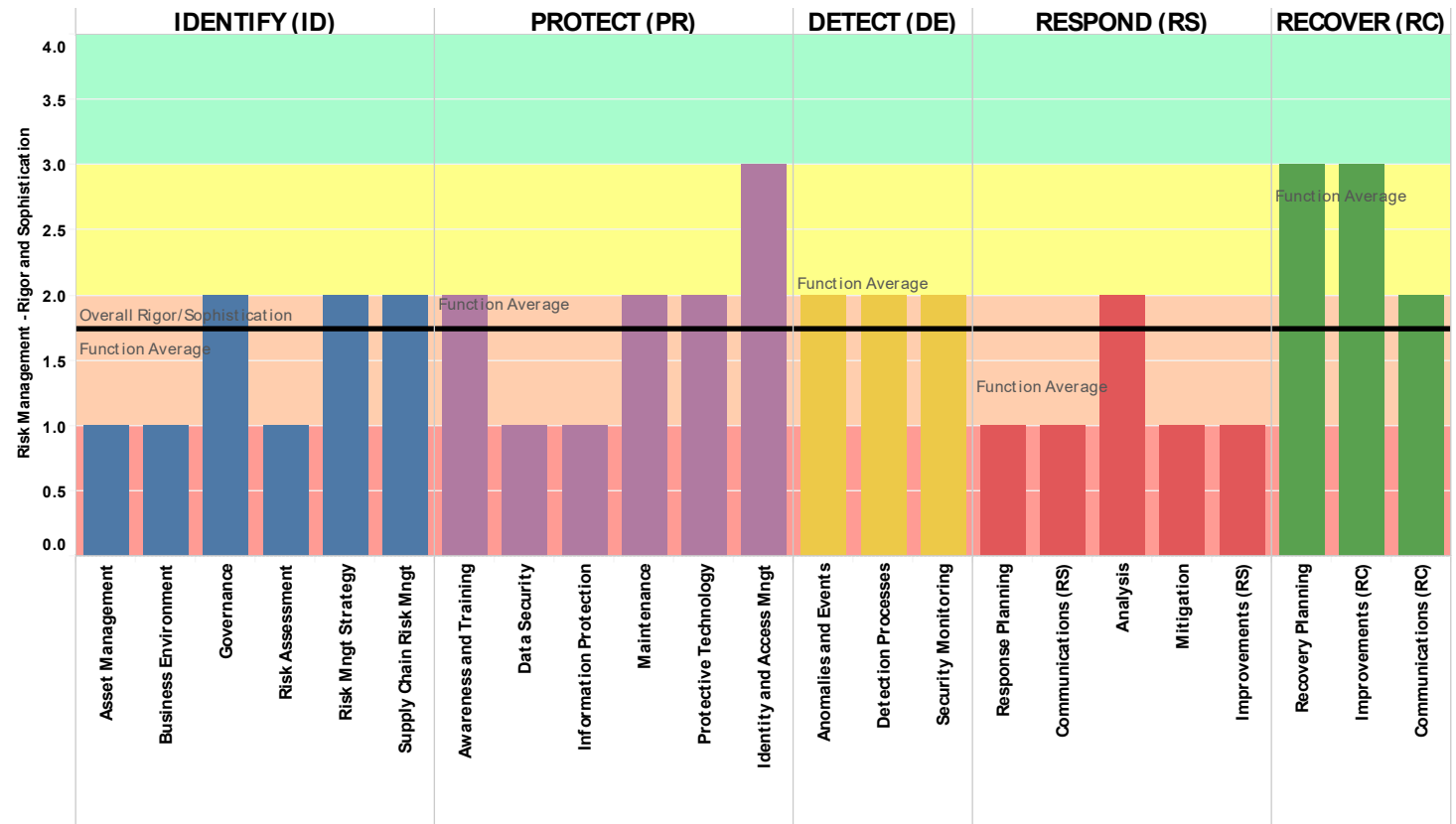
Is there any value in these KPIs?

- Level of preparedness
- Unidentified devices on internal networks
- Intrusion attempts
- Security incidents
- Mean Time to Detect / Resolve / Contain
- First party security ratings
- Average vendor security rating
- Volume of data transferred using the corporate network
- Number of users with “super user” access level
- Number of days to deactivate former employee credentials
- Patching cadence
- Access management
- Company vs peer performance
- Vendor patching cadence
- Mean time for vendors incident response
- How quickly can we identify and respond to incidents?
- Number of spam emails blocked
- Qualitative measures of risk
- Perimeter Attacks Blocked
- Unpatched Vulnerabilities
- Number of communication ports open

NIST CSF Risk Management Sample Measurement

Rigor and sophistication of risk management

- 1 - Partial
- 2 - Risk Informed
- 3 - Repeatable
- 4 - Adaptive



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Investments

- What is in your security budget?
 - Staff, training, security controls and third-party expertise for example
- Investment can significantly reduce the likelihood of an expensive and disruptive incident
- Even with limited value, benchmarking against peers on the overall level of security spending might provide some information
 - Variables such as maturity level and tolerance for risk can vastly differ between organization



Final thoughts / Review



- Information security is a strategic business enabler (not just an IT function)
- Understand the economic drivers and impact of cyber risk
- Align information security risk management with business needs
- Ensure organizational design supports information security
- Incorporate cybersecurity expertise into board governance
- Encourage systemic resilience and collaboration

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Questions



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